

Improving Safety of Computerized Prescriber Order Entry Through Event-Based Testing

The Healthcare Improvement Foundation
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THE HEALTH CARE IMPROVEMENT FOUNDATION
Building Partnerships For Better Health Care

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ISMP

- National Medication Errors Reporting Program (ISMP MERP) begun in 1974
- Published first *Medication Safety Alert!* In 1996
- Only non-profit 501(c)(3) organization dedicated entirely to medication error prevention and safe medication use

ISMP

To advance patient safety worldwide by empowering the healthcare community, including consumers, to prevent medication errors

- Accomplishing our mission
 - Disseminating safety information, tools, strategies
 - Educating about safe medication practices
 - Collaborating with other safety organizations

ISMP and HCIF Collaborations

- Regional Medication Safety Program for Hospitals [RMSPH] (2002-2003)
- Best Practices on the Safe Use of Anticoagulants (2007)
- Improving the Safe Use of HYDRORmorphine (2011)

The Project

Partners

- HCIF
- ISMP



Goal

- Evaluate the level of medication safety afforded by clinical decision support (CDS) in CPOE systems in regional hospitals; identify opportunities for improvement

Funding

- Partnership for Patient Care
- Cardinal Health Foundation



ISMP and CPOE Evaluation

- Assisted in development of test cases for the Leapfrog CPOE Evaluation Tool
- Expansion of cases
 - new test patients and orders based on error reports and observed shortcomings
 - developed additional probing questions designed to evaluate safety of CPOE
- Used by ISMP to assess performance of systems in small and large hospitals; customized to patient populations

ISMP Observations

- *Utilization increased significantly to meet Meaningful Use goals*
- Many new purchases and implementations
- Less than desired, expected, development of workarounds, errors
- Increased use of verbal/telephone orders; entry of orders by non-providers
 - *If alerts present not viewed by the intended recipient*

ISMP Observations

- Alerts not active for
 - Patient allergies
 - Maximum doses (single and daily)
 - Duplicate therapy
 - Severe drug-drug interactions
 - Age-related dose warnings
 - Drug-disease state warnings
 - Few or no hard stops
- Alerts implemented for pharmacists, but not prescribers

The Project

The project
scope was
8 hospitals
Six signed on
to participate

Time line:
two visits
over 12
months

ISMP met
with a team
at each
facility and
tested their
CPOE
system
*pharmacy
verification

A summary
report was
sent to
each
hospital

The Project

- Plan: give time for adjustments/updates to be made
- Hospitals were given the option of a follow-up
 - Two hospitals requested visits
 - Others declined as they were still working on changes

Case Report

Hospital Test – *Initial Visit*

- No maximum dose warnings activated
- No duplicate therapy alerts fired for prescribers (some alerted pharmacist)
- No alert when wrong route is ordered (insulin glargine)
- No alert for serious drug interactions
- No warning for excessive dose of drug based on renal function

Case Report



Hospital Test – *Follow Up Visit*

- Several maximum dose alerts now functional (benzodiazepines)
- Duplicate alerts activated for several drug classes
- Some dosing alerts built for renal function
- Contraindicated routes of administration activated
- Hard stops for morphine and HYDRORmorphine
- Working on methotrexate

Maximum Dose Warnings

Initial visit data

- Atenolol 100 mg QID – 4 of 6
- Amphotericin 220 mg – 3 of 6
- Acetaminophen – 3 of 5
 - CPOE will allow as needed orders for multiple agents; tested at medication administration
 - Two sites (different systems) user gets a hard stop after 4 g have been administered in 24 hours

Pediatric Dosing Alerts

Morphine 10 mg IV
to 17 kg, 4 year old
child

- 2 systems alerted
- 1 organization requires use of a weight-based order set
- 3 sites it could be ordered
- ED issues:
 - May not be screened by pharmacy-
autoverified orders
 - Decision support unknown or known to
be lacking in separate ED system

Pregnancy and Lactation

Metronidazole and lactation

- 4 of 5 systems alerted to a potential problem

Isotretinoin and pregnancy

- 3 of 6 systems alerted users of a problem
- Other sites either had no alert for this combination, or had no alerts at all for medications contraindicated in pregnancy

Laboratory Alerts

Levaquin with
creatinine clearance
less than 50 mL/min

- 5 tested, none alerted

Metformin and
elevated serum
creatinine

- 2 of 5 tested alerted

Rivaroxaban with
decreased
creatinine clearance

- 3 had no alert
- 1 had alert for pharmacy only
- 1 had built a rule that was not functioning

Ongoing Issues & Challenges

- Different systems in use
- Old platforms; functionality available in newer versions
- Struggles moving to next level of decision support
 - warnings/stops for pregnancy and lactation
 - drug orders and laboratory results
 - Decision support for non-formulary medications
 - methotrexate

Project Feedback

Quicker and more simple than other CPOE assessments

Much better than other CPOE assessments

We found this very informative

We thought we had this fixed

This was very revealing

Project Benefits

- *How did participating organizations benefit?*
 - Outside eyes
 - Learning environment
 - Brought CPOE and clinical decision support back into focus
 - Realization/reminder that there is still work to be done
 - Changes made to improve safe prescribing using CPOE systems

Thanks

- Hospital participants
- Partnership for Patient Care
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